



FRICTION

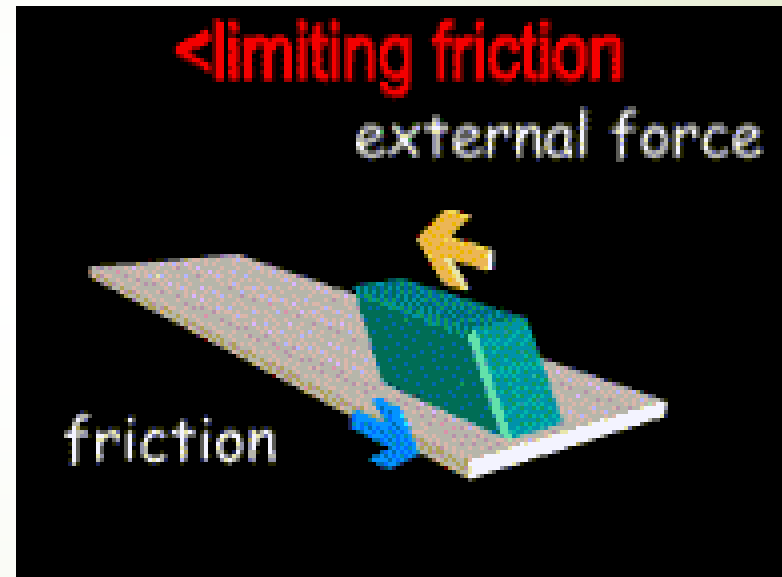
**FRITTY P F
DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS
MECHANICS 1 –FIRST SEMESTER
2021**

Static and Kinetic Friction

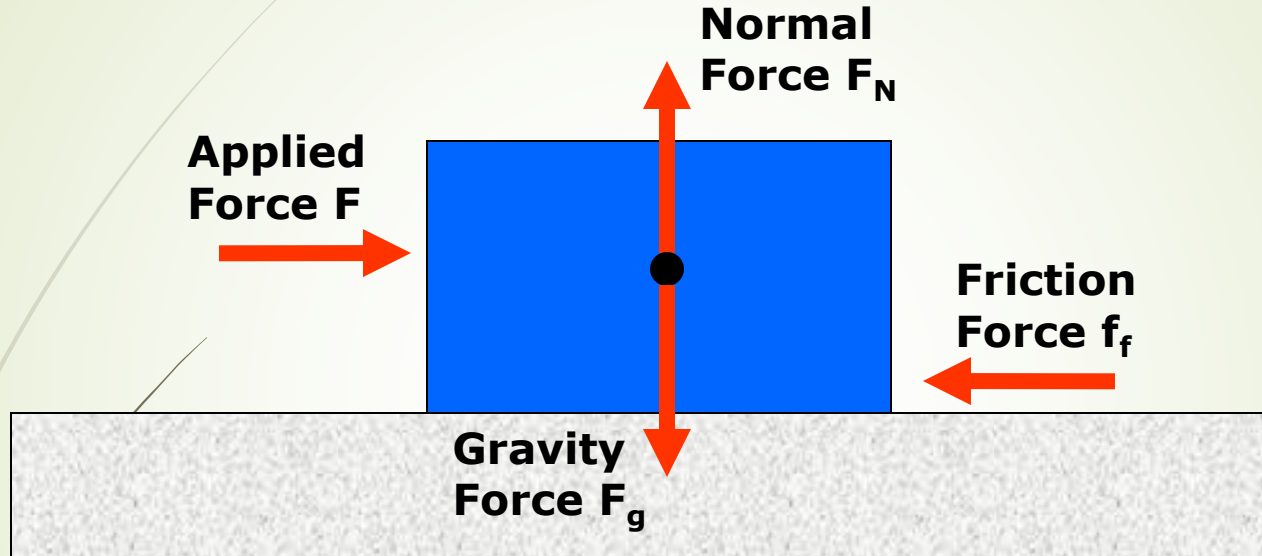


What is Friction?

- ➔ Force that acts oppose the relative motion of two surfaces
- ➔ High for dry and rough surfaces
- ➔ Low for smooth and wet surfaces



Free Body Diagram



$$F_g = mg$$

$$F_N = F_g$$

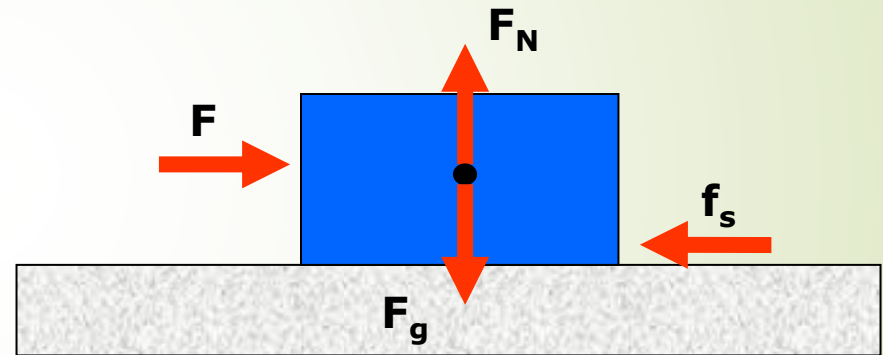
$$f_f = F$$

Static Friction

The Force of Static Friction keeps a stationary object at rest!

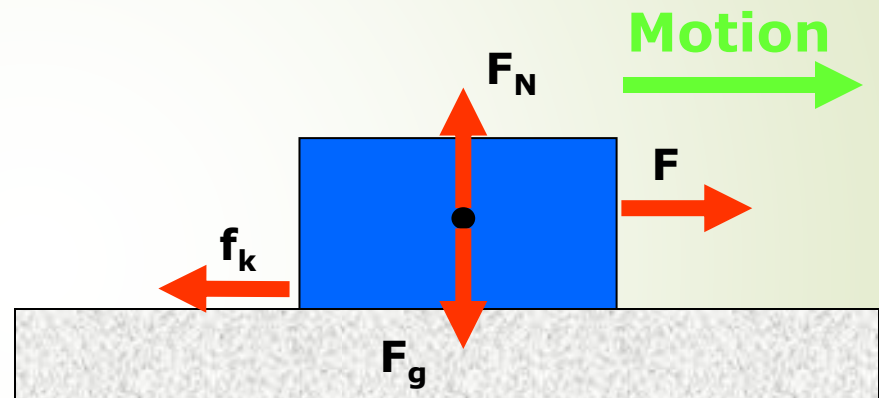
$$f_s = F_N \times \mu_s$$

μ_s = *coefficient of static friction*



Kinetic Friction

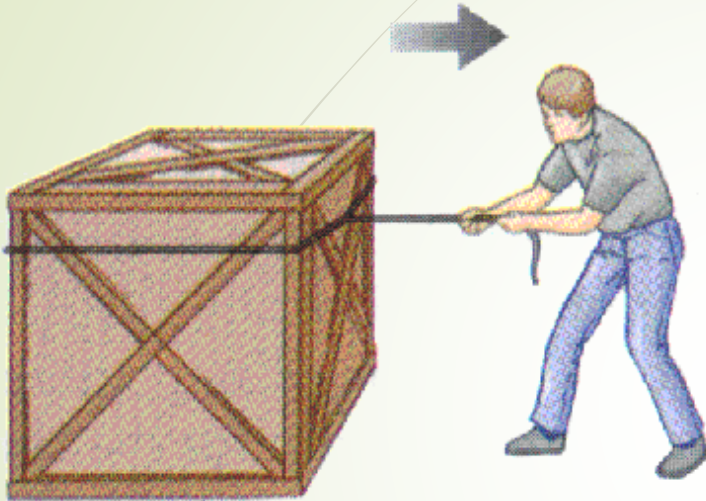
Once the Force of Static Friction is overcome, the Force of Kinetic Friction is what slows down a moving object!



$$f_k = F_N \times \mu_k$$

μ_k = coefficient of kinetic friction

Types of Friction



To initiate motion of the box the man must overcome the Force of *Static Friction*

I better be safe Ump!!



Upon sliding, the baseball player will come to a complete stop due to the Force of *Kinetic Friction*

Static VS. Kinetic Friction



Only flat on the bottom! Ha Ha!





THANKYOU