

Module I

- Constitutionalism
- British contribution to Indian Legal Setting up (From Regulating act 1773- Indian Independence Act 1947)
- Minto-Morley Reforms 1909
- Dyarchy and reasons for its failure
- Montagu-Chelms Ford Reforms 1919
- Cabinet mission plan
- Composition of Constituent Assembly

Module II

- Features of Indian Constitution
- Borrowings in Indian Constitution
- Amending Methods of Indian Constitution
- Preamble Of Indian Constitution (Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Democratic, Republic, Justice, Liberty, Equality, Fraternity)
- Fundamental Rights(Articles 1-32)
- Writs
- DPSP
- Fundamental Duties

Module III

- Election and Qualifications of President of India
- Powers of President (Executive, Legislative, Financial, Judicial, Diplomatic, Military)
- Emergency Provision Types , Procedure ,Articles
- Election and Qualifications of Vice- President of India
- Types of Ministers in Union government
- Prime minister – Powers, Duties, Election.
- Classification of Civil Service in India (All India Services, Central Services, State Public Services)
- UPSC Structure and Functions

- Comparison between Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha
- Speaker -election, Powers
- Parliamentary Committees
- Devices of Parliamentary Proceedings (Question Hour, Zero Hour, Closure motion, Calling Attention Motion, Adjournment Motion, Non-Confidence motion, Censure Motion)

Module IV

- Governor –Powers ,Qualification, Functions
- Chief Minister
- Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly

Module V

- Qualification and selection of Judges to Supreme Court
- Supreme Court- Powers (Original, Appellate, Advisory, Writ)
- Qualification and selection of Judges to High Court
- High Court- Powers and Functions
- Judicial Review (Milestone Cases- Berubari union Vs Union of India, Golaknath Vs State of Punjab, Keshavaananda Bhaarathi Vs State of Kerala etc...)
- Judicial Activism
- Public Interest Litigation in India