Basic concepts of Income Tax

SUBJECT: INCOME TAX LAW AND ACCOUNTS

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ACADEMIC YEAR: 2020-21

Important Definitions used in Income Tax

1. Income

- Profits and gains
- Dividend, interest,etc
- Voluntary contribution received by a trust created for charitable or religious purpose
- Salary, allowance & perquisites
- Capital gains
- Winning from lotteries, crossword puzzles, races, card games, etc
- Sum received from employees as PF contribution
- Sum received under a Keyman insurance policy

2. Assessment - Section 2(8)

 It is the process of computation of total income of an assessee in the PY and the determination of the tax liability

Accelerated Assessment

- Every assessee is liable to be assessed during the assessment year in respect of the income earned during the previous year.
- But in certain circumstances an assessee shall be assessed during the year in which he earned the income
- In other words, an assessee is liable to pay tax in the PY itself.

Accelerated Assessment applying Circumstances

- Income of non-resident shipping business Sec 172: income derived in India will be taxed in the year of it's earning @7 1/2%
- Income of persons leaving India Sec 174: an individual may leave India during the current year without any present intension of returning to india, the income of such a person up to the date of departure should be taxed
- Income of an AOP or BOI formed for a particular purpose Sec 174 A: when the event or purpose is likely to be dissolved in the current year, income up to the date of it's dissolution is taxable in the current year itself.
- Transfer of property to avoid tax Sec 175: if a person is likely to transfer his property to avoid tax, the AO shall charge income tax during the PY itself.
- On discontinuance of a business or profession Sec

3. Person Section 2 (31)

- Individual
- Hindu Undivided Family (HUF)
- Company
- Firm (Partner Firm)
- Association of Persons or Body of Individuals
- Local Authorities
- Every Artificial Juridical Person

4. Assessee Sec 2(7)

- Who is liable to pay tax or any sum of money (interest or penalty)
- In respect of whom any proceedings under this Act have been taken for assessment of income
- In respect of whom any proceedings under this Act have been taken for assessment of loss sustained by him or for the refund amount due to him
- Who is deemed to be an assessee
- Who is deemed to be an assessee in default

Deemed Assessee

- A person who is considered as an assessee for some other persons or representative of some other persons
- Eg: parent in respect of minor child Legal representative of a deceased person

Agent of a person residing outside India

Assessee in Default

- When a person is liable to do a work or duty under this Act and if he fails to do that
- Eg: an employer is liable to deduct tax at source on payment of salary to his employees. If he fails to do that he is an assessee in default

5. Agricultural Income Sec 2(1A)

- Any rent or revenue derived from the land which is situated in India
- And is used for agricultural purposes
- Any income derived from such land by agricultural operations, or
- Any process or sale of such produce and
- Any income from a farm house,etc

6. Gross Total Income (GTI) Sec 80 B (5)

- Total of 5 heads of income is GTI
- **■** Income from salary
- **Income from House Property**
- Profits or Gains from Business or Profession
- **■** Capital Gains
- ■Income from Other Sources

7. Total Income Sec 2(45)

- Total Income = GTI Deductions under Sec 80
- It is the income on which Income Tax is calculated
- It is also known as Taxable Income

8. Maximum Marginal Rate of Tax Sec 29 C

- Rate of tax including surcharge applicable to the highest slab of income of an individual, AOP, BOI as specified in the Finance Act each year
- Present maximum rate for an individual
 - 30%

9. Casual Income

- Any receipt of casual or non-recurring nature is called casual Income
- Eg: winning from lotteries
 Crossword puzzles
 Card games
 Betting

Features of Income Tax

- Direct Taxe
- Annual tax
- Collected by the Central Government
- Income is calculated under 5 heads
- Tax rate is fixed by the Annual Finance Act
- Any income whether legal or illegal is taxable