#### **ECOLOGY & ETHOLOGY**

**INTRODUCTION** 

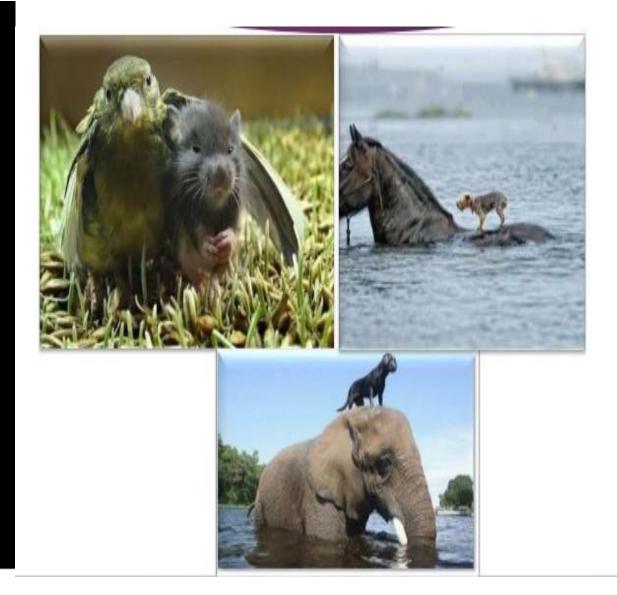
Gincy C George (Assistant Professor On Contract)

# **Animal Behavior -- Ethology** From the Greek: <u>Ethos</u> (character) and <u>logia</u> (the study of).



# Ethology: Definition

- Study of animal behavior in their natural environment.
- Ethology is biological study of animal behavior.



# **Behavior** is the response of an animal to environmental stimuli

# The study of behavior is called **ethology**

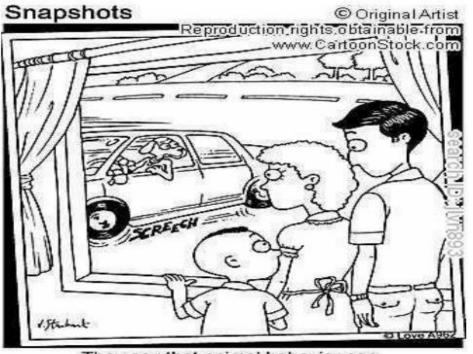


#### Branches of ethology

- Ecoethology
- Behavioral physiology
  - $\square$  Neuroethology
  - Ethoendocrinology
- Ethogenetics
- · Human ethology
- Sociobiology
- Bioacoustics

#### **ANIMAL BEHAVIOR**

## Behavior...anything an animal does in response to a stimulus



They say that animal behavior can warn us about impending danger.

#### WHAT IS BEHAVIOR?

- A response to a stimulus
  - Stimulus a signal

#### WHY BEHAVE?

Behavior is adaptive, because it helps an organism survive and reproduce.

Behavior maintains homeostasis, which helps the organisms support the conditions it needs to live.

#### **Functions of Behaviour**

Behaviour patterns are usually adaptive. They help the animal survive and/or reproduce.

Examples of Behaviours based on function.

- 1. Territorial
- 2. Aggressive
- 3. Submissive
- 4. Reproductive
- 5. Appetitive

#### MAJOR TYPES OF ANIMAL BEHAVIOR

- Sexual
- Maternal
- Communicative
- Social
- Feeding

- Eliminative
- Shelter-Seeking
- Investigative
- Allelomimeticcontagious behavior

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#### **TYPES OF BEHAVIORS**

#### Innate Behavior

A behavior with which the organism is born

#### Learned Behavior

A change in behavior due to experience

#### **INNATE VS LEARNED BEHAVIOR**

Innate Behaviors	Learned Behaviors
Inborn behavior Genetically Based	Based on Experience
Not modified by the individual	Modified by the individual by trial and error
Generally uniform Low variation in population	High variation in population
Unaffected by the environment	Highly affected by the environment
Beneficial behavior Survival and reproduction	Capacity to learn may be product of natural selection

#### INNATE VS LEARNED BEHAVIOR

Innate Behavior	Learned Behaviors
Examples: • Suckling in newborns • Migration • Hunting instincts	Examples: • Language acquisition • Social Skills • Domesticated behavior in pets • Trained dolphins

#### Types of innate behavior

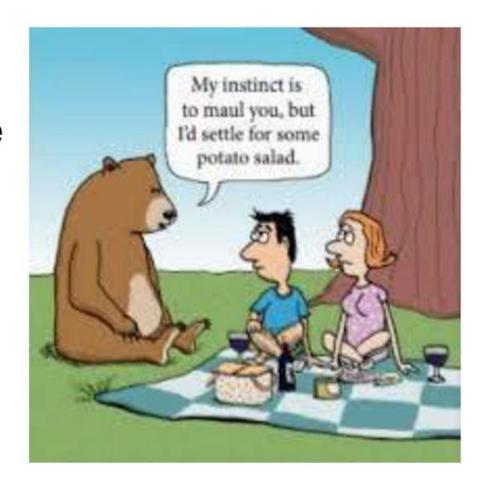
- 1:irratibity
- 2:tropisam
- 3:nasties
- 4:taxes
- 5:kinesisi
- 6:reflex action
- 7:instinct
- 8:motivation
  - let study detail

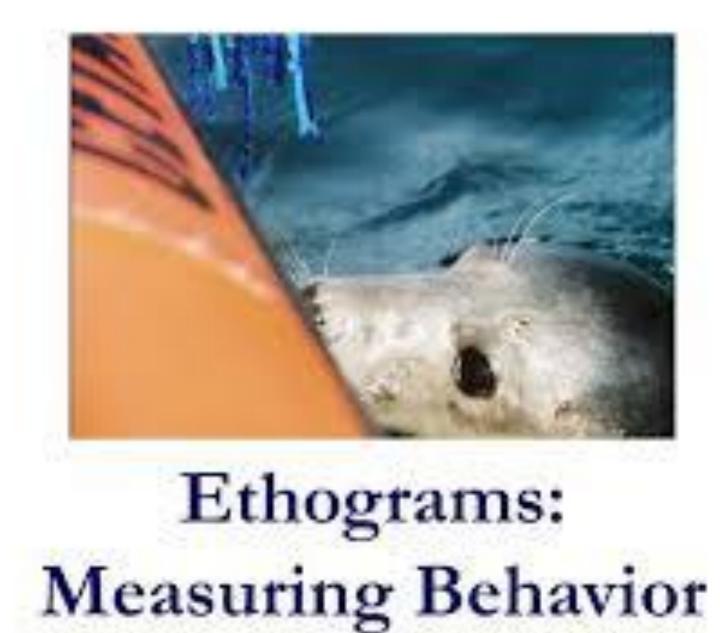
#### TYPES OF LEARNED BEHAVIOR

- 1. Habituation
- 2. Observational Learning
- 3. Conditioning
- 4. Play
- 5. Insight

# Learned Behavior

 Behaviors that are shaped by experience.





What is an ethogram?

a catalog of an animal's behavioral repetoire, detailing the different forms of behavior that are displayed by an animal

### Ethogram: A tool for measuring behavior

- A qualitative
  - description of an animal's normal behav becomes **quantitative** data.
- An inventory of an animal's behavior.
- Requires time spent watching animals and taking notes.



#### Ethograms

Catalog of behaviors and postures (ie., of action patterns)

- · Name (short, descriptive, but "non -judgmental")
- · Description (only relevant ones need be included)
  - Form
  - Velocity
  - Duration
  - Amplitude
  - Orientation
- Drawings.

